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NUTRITIOUS LUNCHES

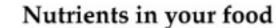
When you're at school, you probably can't wait for your lunch break. It's a chance to meet with your friends and refuel your body. After concentrating on your morning classes, you need more energy. Energy is the power your body needs to function. Your body gets energy from nutritious foods. Do you eat a lot of processed foods for lunch? Processed foods have been treated with chemicals that can harm you. Is a hot dog, a bag of chips, and a soda your idea of a meal? If so, you probably feel tired by the end of the day because your body is missing the things it needs to stay energized. Try making your lunch-even a couple of times a weekfollowing the recipes in this book. They include a variety of foods made from fresh

### You'll love these recipes!

The kids in this book had fun making our lunch recipes, but they enjoyed the results even more! They loved the foods and were surprised at how delicious nutritious foods can taste.

You'll love them, too.
Try these recipes
with your family,
and get everyone
involved in

and get everyo involved in healthy eating and in being active. You'll all feel great!



Nutrients are substances in foods that your body needs. The seven essential nutrients are: water, carbohydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins, minerals, and enzymes. Your body needs all seven nutrients to work at its best. Eating a variety of foods and drinking plenty of water gives your body and brain maximum power.

#### **Proteins**

Proteins are your body's building blocks. They are found in meat, fish and seafood, eggs, milk and soy products, and legumes, or dried beans. There are two types of proteins: complete and incomplete. Complete proteins are in meat, eggs, and milk products. Incomplete proteins are found in beans and grains. When you combine some incomplete proteins, you get a complete protein. Eating a bean salad with wholegrain bread, or brown rice with beans, turns these foods into complete proteins.

#### Good fats and bad fats

You need fats to make new cells and to absorb, or take in, certain vitamins. Fats contained in olive oil, fish, and nuts are good for you. Other fats, such as those found in most processed foods, stop your cells from growing normally. These fats harm your body.

### Enzymes

Enzymes are found in all fresh fruits and vegetables, especially in organic foods. They are needed by your digestive and metabolic systems to break down food so your body can absorb the nutrients it needs.

#### Carbohydrates

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Carbohydrates are your body's main source of energy. There are three kinds-simple, complex, and fiber. Some are better for you than others. Simple carbohydrates are found in sugar and in white-flour products such as cake. They turn to fat quickly in your body. They are also found in fruits and in some vegetables, but these foods also contain fiber and other nutrients your body can use. Whole-grain foods, such as whole-wheat bread and many vegetables, contain complex carbohydrates. These foods release energy more slowly than simple carbohydrates do, so you feel energized for a longer time. They also contain fiber, which helps remove wastes

#### Vitamins

from your body.

Vitamins are in all fresh foods. Cooking destroys many vitamins, so it is important to eat some raw, or uncooked, vegetables and fruits each day. Vitamins such as A, C, D, E, and K are essential to your body. They are also important in maintaining a healthy immune system, which fights diseases and keeps you from getting sick. Your immune system also helps you heal when you are sick or injured.

#### Minerals

Minerals include calcium, iron, potassium, magnesium, and zinc. They are as important as vitamins. Calcium, for example, helps build your bones. It is found in milk, meat, almonds, and green vegetables such as broccoli.

### How to be healthy

ingredients, which are better

for you than processed foods are.

- Drink plenty of water (see pages 6-7).
- · Choose a variety of foods each day.
- Eat fresh fruits and vegetables every day.
- Read the labels on the packaging of processed foods to learn what they really contain. If you can't pronounce the ingredients, don't eat the food!
- Stock your house with healthy foods and get rid of foods that are loaded with fat, salt, and sugar.
- · Eat at fast-food restaurants less often.
- Downsize your meals, or make them smaller, instead of supersizing them, or making them bigger.
- · Take part in physical activity every day.
- Make health a family affair!

an reet great.

### WATER BODIES

Water is the most important nutrient-you could not live without it for more than five days! 60 to 75 percent of your body is water. Your bones are 22 percent water, your muscles are 70 percent water, your blood is 83 percent water, and your brain is 75 percent water. Without water, your brain, muscles, bones, organs, and metabolism stop working! Your metabolism helps change the food you eat into energy.

### How your body uses water

Your body's water supply:

- · controls your body temperature
- · keeps your skin healthy and smooth
- · develops your muscles
- · helps lubricate, or moisten, your food so you can digest it
- · lubricates your eyes, nose, mouth, and every joint in your body so you can move
- · carries nutrients, energy, and information to and from your cells
- · helps your body get rid of wastes

### The dangers of dehydration

Dehydration means losing water from your body. Being dehydrated can be dangerous! When you are dehydrated, your temperature rises, and your body loses minerals such as sodium and potassium. You can become sick from losing too much water. Dehydration is especially dangerous in hot weather or when you're physically active. Most people are slightly dehydrated all the time and don't even know it. Drink water throughout the day-before you feel thirsty. If you are thirsty, you are already dehydrated!

### The best drink by far!

Many people drink sodas when ey are thirsty, but they are doing the opposite of what their bodies need. Sodas contain caffeine, which takes water out of your body instead of adding water to it. Each can of soda also contains phosphorous and nine teaspoons of sugar! Too much phosphorous and caffeine can rob your bones of calcium, so if you are drinking sodas every day, your bones may be getting thinner! Vegetable juices, teas, and fruit juices add water to your body, but some contain sugar or salt. The best way to keep your body hydrated is to drink plenty of pure water!

### Dehydration warning signs

Do you know the warning signs of dehydration? You might be dehydrated if you...

- · are extremely thirsty
- are extremely hungry
- feel light-headed or dizzy
- · feel hot
- · are unable to concentrate
- have a dry mouth
- feel extremely tired
- · are unusually clumsy
- have muscle spasms
- have a headache
- · are short of breath
- have a rapid pulse
- have blurred vision
- have pain at the back of your ankles

### Drink plenty of water!

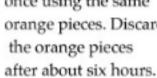
You should try to drink at least 6-8 glasses of water a day. This amount sounds like a lot, but these tips can help you drink the water you need.

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- · Drink one to two glasses of water as soon as you get up in the morning. Add a squirt of lemon juice to your first glass to get your digestive system going. On a cold day, sip some hot water flavored with lemon.
- Sip—don't gulp—a half glass of water every 30 minutes, even when you do not feel thirsty.
- · Always drink water before and after exercise. Do not drink ice-cold water or cold liquids when your body is very hot.
- · Drink plenty of water when you are working in front of a computer. Computers can dehydrate you quickly.
- · If you feel very hungry, you may be thirsty. Drink a glass of water and then see if you are still hungry.
- To make water taste more delicious, flavor it with fresh fruit or vegetable ; slices, as shown on this page.



To make Orange Water, wash an orange and cut it in half with its rind on. Cut it again into quarters and then slice the quarters into thirds. Use half an orange to flavor a jug of water. Do not squeeze the orange juice into the water-just drop the pieces into the jug. Allow the water to stand for about 30 minutes. You can refill the jug once using the same orange pieces. Discard







To make Strawberry Water, wash and slice five or six strawberries and add the pieces to a bottle or pitcher of water. Use one sliced berry to flavor a single glass of water. Allow a half hour for the strawberries to flavor the water. Drink the water within six hours and then throw the berries away.

3 To make Cucumber Water, wash a cucumber and peel it if it is too waxy. If not, then leave on the peel and slice five or six pieces from it. Allow the cucumber to flavor the water for a half hour. Take the flavored water to school in a drinking bottle.





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There are four main food groups, or types of food: grain products, vegetables and fruits, milk and alternatives, and meat and alternatives. Alternatives are foods that contain the same type of nutrients as those found in certain other foods. Soy beverage, for example, is a milk alternative. Eating foods from different food groups provides your body with a wide variety of nutrients. Your body needs more grains and vegetables and fruits than it needs milk and meat products, however, so eat more from the two food groups on this page. Try to eat as little as possible of the "foods" mentioned in the blue box on page 9.

#### Vegetables and fruits

Vegetables and fruits are some of the best foods you can eat. They're packed with vitamins and minerals and also contain enzymes. Fruits and vegetables are high in fiber and low in fat. They give you a lot of energy and make you feel full. Have several kinds of fruits and vegetables each day and make sure you eat some of them raw. Remember that french fries, potato chips, and onion rings are not vegetables-they are mostly salt and fat.

### Grain products

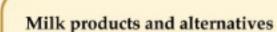
Your body needs a lot of grains. Some grains are better choices than others, however. Foods made with whole grains, such as whole-wheat bread, rice, and pasta, have a lot of nutrients, including fiber. They'll keep you powered for hours! Refined, or processed, grains are not as good for you. They include white rice and flour and foods made

> crackers, and cereals. Refined grains have had their most nutritious parts removed. They act like

from these grains, such as bread, cakes,

simple sugars in your body and do not give you long-lasting energy. A simple health rule is always to eat

whole grains.

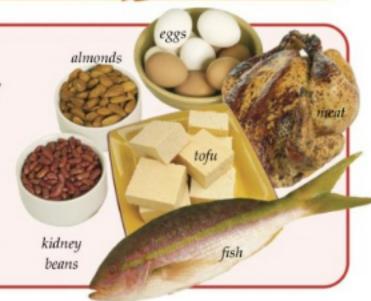


Milk and dairy products provide you with protein, vitamins, and minerals such as calcium. Eating or drinking a milk product every day can also help you maintain a healthy weight. Milk alternatives such as soy beverages and cheeses are rich in protein and calcium, just as milk products are. Whether you choose milk products, soy products, or both, read the labels to see how much fat and sugar they contain. Also beware of artificial colors, flavors, and sweeteners that are used in some milk products. They are harmful to your body.



#### Meat, fish, and alternatives

Meat and fish are great sources of protein, vitamins, and minerals. Fish such as salmon and sardines are especially good for you. Some people do not eat meat or fish, however. They choose alternatives such as eggs, a combination of beans and rice, or soy products such as tofu. Eggs are a wonderful food because they contain important nutrients that are hard to find in other foods. Almonds and peanuts are also considered to be meat alternatives because they contain protein and calcium.

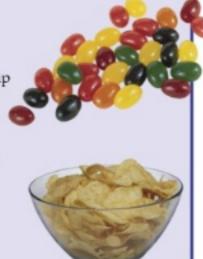


### Not part of the four groups

Some foods don't fit into the four food groups. They get lumped together in a group of "other foods." The only healthy foods that belong to this group are good fats such as nuts and olive oil. Most of the "other foods" in this group shouldn't even be called foods because they have very

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few nutrients. "Junk foods" such as candy, cake, chips, and soda contain empty calories, which make you gain weight while starving your body at the same time. When you eat empty calories, your body wants you to keep eating because it is not getting the nutrients it needs. Junk foods may give you a burst of energy, but it doesn't last long! You'll feel tired soon after you eat them. Junk foods also contain a lot of artificial ingredients, too, such as sweeteners. Recent studies show that these ingredients cause many diseases, including liver disease, kidney disease, and cancer.





## BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU COOK!

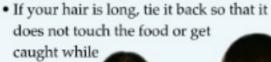


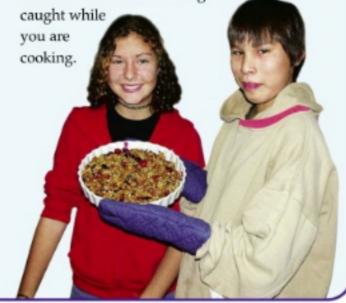
Cooking is fun, but it can also be dangerous if you are not careful. When you are using the oven, stove, a knife, or a food processor, make sure there is an adult in the kitchen with you. Accidents such as burns and cuts can happen quickly! Allergies are another common food-related problem. Before you start cooking, have an adult who knows your allergies check over each recipe's ingredients. Some foods may contain hidden ingredients such as nut oils. If you are allergic to nuts, be careful to read the labels on foods such as dried fruits and seeds. Nut oils can be found in many processed foods.

### More safety tips

- Before and after handling food, wash with detergent and water all the surfaces on which you are working, such as cutting boards and countertops.
- Then wash your hands. Always wash
  your hands with soap and warm water after
  handling eggs and raw meat. When washing
  up, also include the backs of your hands, your
  fingertips and nails, and between your fingers,
  as well as your palms. How long do you wash
  your hands? As you soap your hands, sing
  the Happy Birthday song. Do not stop soaping
  until you have finished the song. Then rinse
  with warm water.
- Be sure to wash any raw vegetables and fruits thoroughly before you cook or eat them.
- Always wear oven mitts (shown right) when you handle anything in the oven.

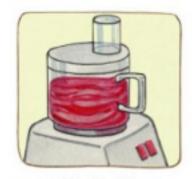
 Turn the handles of pots and pans away from the edge of the stove so you do not accidentally knock them and spill hot food on yourself or others.





# COOKING TERMS

When using the recipes in this book, you may see some cooking terms, or special words, that aren't familiar to you. The pictures shown here illustrate some of these terms. The recipes also include metric measurements in brackets. The letter "I" stands for liter, and the letters "ml" mean milliliter. When you see the words teaspoon, tablespoon, or cup without metric amounts beside them, you can use a regular cup, teaspoon, or tablespoon from your kitchen. In fact, many of the ingredients in this book do not have to be exact. We use terms such as sprinkle, dash, drizzle, pinch, and handful. When you see these words, you can use a bit more or less of an ingredient.



purée: blend food into a smooth paste



slice, chop, dice: cut food into even pieces



mince, press: squeeze food such as garlic through a press



grease: rub a pan with oil or butter so food won't stick



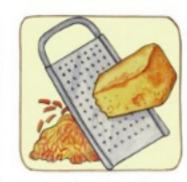
simmer: cook gently so food bubbles but does not boil



sauté: stir while cooking over medium heat



whisk together: blend well by using a whisk or a fork



grate: rub an ingredient against a grater



toothpick test: check to see if food is dry in center



blend: add ingredients while stirring



handful: an amount that fits in your hand



sprinkle: scatter solid or liquid particles over food

### 3. The State of th AUTUMN SOUP

This delicious soup is perfect on a chilly autumn afternoon, but it tastes great in any weather. It has a vibrant orange color because it contains beta-carotene, a nutrient that is good for your eyes. You can choose to make a thick or a creamy soup. To feel warm all afternoon, take this soup to school in a Thermos or enjoy it at home with your family or friends.



Buy squash that is already peeled and cut adult to cut it into even smaller pieces for your soup.

In a large pot, heat the oil on medium heat and sauté the onions for 2-3 minutes, or until they look clear. Add the

ginger and garlic and cook for another minute.

> Stir in the carrots, squash, peppers, stock, apple and orange juice, and parsley or cilantro. Add salt.



- 2 cups (500 ml) butternut squash
- 1 tablespoon (15 ml) vegetable oil
- 1 cup (250 ml) diced onions
- · 1 teaspoon (5 ml) peeled, chopped fresh gingerroot or bottled gingerroot purée
- 1 clove minced garlic
- 2 cups (500 ml) chopped carrots
- 1/2 green or red pepper, chopped
- · 4 cups (1 liter) vegetable or chicken stock (broth)
- 1 cup (250 ml) apple juice
- · juice of 1 orange
- · handful of fresh parsley or cilantro
- 1 teaspoon (5 ml) salt



You can make stock by stirring a chicken or vegetable bouillon cube into four cups of warm water.



On medium-high heat, bring the soup to a boil and then let it simmer for about 30 minutes, or until the carrots and squash are soft. Stir the soup often and ask an adult to test the vegetables to see if they are cooked. Allow the soup to cool until it is lukewarm.



When the soup is cool, spoon it into a blender or food processor. You may have to do this two or three times to purée all the soup, so have a big bowl ready to hold the portions you have blended. Return the purée to the pot and reheat.



If you enjoy a thick soup, serve it with a slice of whole-grain bread. You can garnish, or make the soup look more appetizing, with one or two of the following: walnuts, pecans, seeds; plain yogurt with maple syrup drizzled on top; fresh chives, parsley, cilantro; chopped orange rind; apple pieces.





T If you like a thinner, creamier soup, add a cup (250 ml) of lowfat milk to the pot as you reheat the soup on medium heat. Do not boil.



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### APPLE-CHEDDAR MUFFINS

This nutritious muffin is a perfect lunch dessert. It's good for you, and it tastes great! We suggest that you use whole-grain flour because it contains more nutrients and fiber than all-purpose flour does. The cornmeal adds a crunchy texture. If you like nuts, you can put a whole walnut or pecan at the top of each muffin before baking.

Preheat oven to 350°F (180°C).

Grease the muffin tin wells with

butter or line them with paper

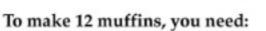
cupcake liners.





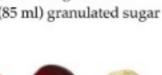






- 1½ cups (375 ml) whole-grain flour such as whole wheat, oat, or spelt
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) cornmeal
- 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> teaspoons (7.5 ml) baking powder
- 1/2 teaspoon (2.5 ml) baking soda
- 1 teaspoon (5 ml) salt
- 3/4 cup (185 ml) grated cheddar cheese
- · 1 cup (250 ml) chopped apple
- 1/4 cup (62 ml) vegetable oil
- 1/3 cup (85 ml) granulated sugar









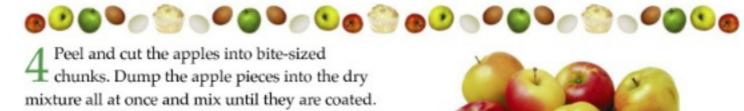




 Wet mixture: In a separate bowl, whisk together the oil and sugar and add one egg at a time.

powder, baking soda, and salt.



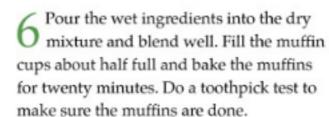


Grate the cheddar and blend it into the dry mixture. Be careful not to grate your fingers!











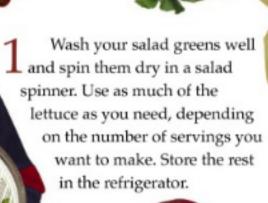
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### SUPER SALAD

Salad is a great addition to any meal—or it can be a meal by itself. It is full of nutrients and fiber, and it is low in fat. This salad is a treat for your taste buds and your eyes! When you see all the colors in it, you just know it will taste great. You can use the ingredients listed here or invent your own salad using your favorite veggies and other ingredients. Fresh and dried fruits, chopped boiled eggs, or a handful of nuts or grated cheese can add different textures and surprising tastes. Think of your salad as a work of art and turn your imagination loose!

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2 Using a salad spoon and fork, transfer your lettuce mix into your favorite salad bowl. Arrange the leaves so you have a variety of colors on top.



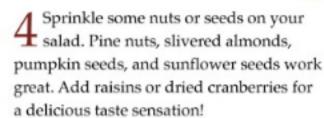
#### You need:

- a variety of fresh greens such as spinach, arugula, and/or different kinds of lettuce greens
- 10-12 cherry or grape tomatoes or a regular tomato, diced
- red onion slices
- pepper, cucumber, celery, carrot, or radish slices
- apple, orange, or mango pieces
- a handful of raisins or dried cranberries
- a handful of nuts or seeds (Check for allergies.)

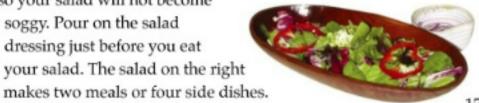


3 Using a sharp knife, slice or chop some peppers, tomatoes, onions, fruit, and whatever else you want to add. Lay the vegetable and fruit pieces on top of your greens—not on your face! Arrange them so your salad looks appetizing.

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### GARLIC CHICKEN BREASTS

Store-bought lunchmeats contain many ingredients that are not good for you, including salt, dyes, and chemicals such as nitrates. Slices of skinless chicken breasts make a healthier, low-fat sandwich filling, and they are an excellent source of protein. Cook them the night before if you want to eat them for lunch. They are delicious hot or cold. Rememberafter you work with raw meat, wash your hands with warm water and soap and wash the counters and utensils with detergent and hot water.

#### You need:

- 1 teaspoon (5 ml) vegetable oil
- · 2-3 boneless, skinless chicken breasts
- · a pinch of salt
- · a sprinkle of black pepper
- · a sprinkle of paprika
- · a handful of chopped parsley
- · 2 garlic cloves, peeled and sliced



Peel off the outer skin of each 3 garlic clove. Cut the garlic into

thin slices. Watch your fingers!

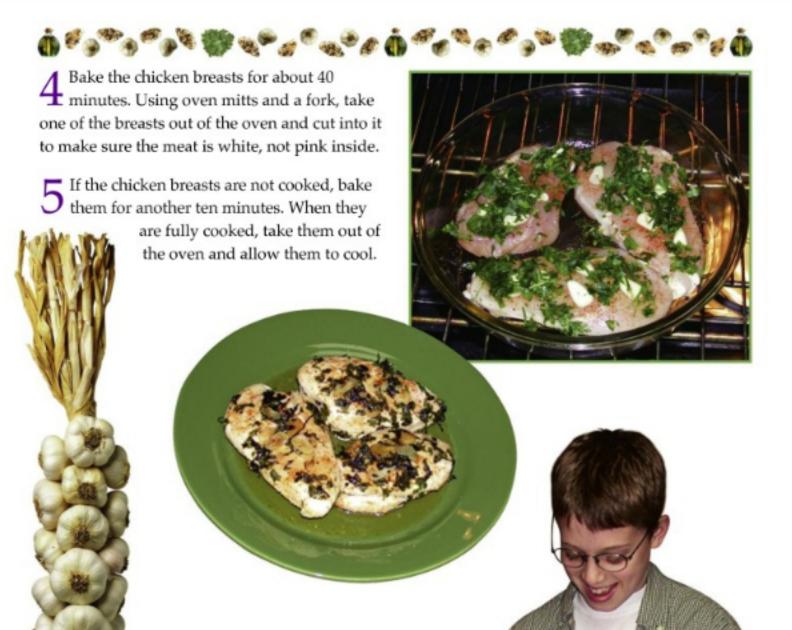
Preheat the oven to 350°F (180°C). ■ Grease an ovenproof baking dish with the oil and spread the oil evenly. Place the chicken breasts in the dish.

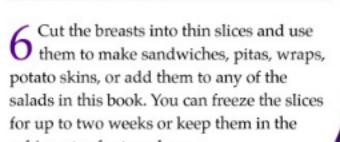
 Sprinkle salt, pepper, paprika, and parsley on the chicken breasts.





Cut the breasts into thin slices and use O them to make sandwiches, pitas, wraps, potato skins, or add them to any of the salads in this book. You can freeze the slices for up to two weeks or keep them in the refrigerator for two days.





## ZESTY RICE OR PASTA SALAD

This zesty salad will wake up your taste buds after a long morning at school. The hot sauce and lemon give it an extra zing! You can make the salad using either pasta or rice, whichever you like better. If you are using rice, try brown or basmati rice. Basmati rice has a wonderful flavor! If you decide to use pasta, you can have fun trying whole-wheat or multicolored pasta in the shape of bow ties, shells, penne, or fusilli. Macaroni also works well.



Slice the vegetables into thin slices or dice them into bite-sized pieces, as you wish.



### For six servings you need:

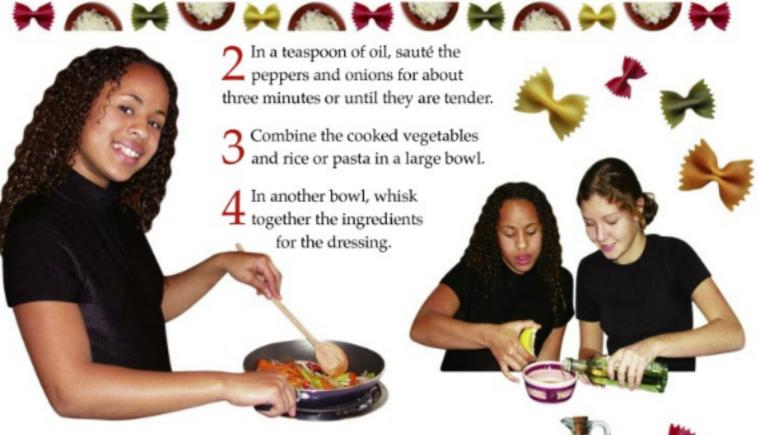
- 2 cups (500 ml) cooked rice or pasta
- 1/2 red pepper, sliced
- ½ green pepper, sliced
- 1/2 red onion, sliced
- 1 tomato, diced
- · 2 tablespoons (30 ml) chopped parsley
- 1 teaspoon (5 ml) olive oil

### Dressing:

- 1/4 cup (62 ml) olive oil
- juice of ½ lemon
- · a dash of hot sauce
- a pinch of salt









Pour the dressing over the salad and gently blend the ingredients.

6 Place the salad in the refrigerator for 30 minutes before you eat it or refrigerate it overnight if you are taking it to school the next day.





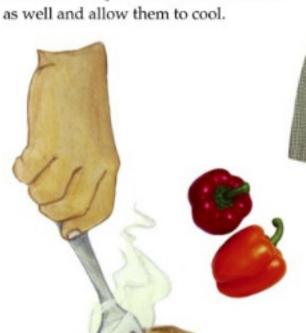
7 Serve the salad by itself, sprinkle cheese over it, or add some salad greens beside it on a plate. Decelicious! Make sure you share some with your parents and friends. They'll love it, too.

### POTATO BOATS

Potatoes contain potassium, and their skins are high in fiber. These potato skins are so loaded with good things that they look like tiny boats-which is how they got their name. They contain meat, cheese, and vegetables, so one potato is a complete meal on its own. It will keep your energy high throughout your afternoon classes. If you add salad or soup, eat only half a potato (one serving).

Preheat the oven to 400°F (200°C). Prick the potatoes with a fork and rub them with vegetable oil. Place them in the oven in an ovenproof dish and bake for one hour.

2 To test if the potatoes are done, take one out of the oven with oven mitts and pierce it with a fork. If it is soft, take the rest of the potatoes out of the oven



Carefully cut the potato in half, lengthwise. With a teaspoon, scoop out the flesh of the potato, making a deep enough "boat" for the filling. Try not to pierce the skin of the potato. (You can use the potato flesh that you have scooped out to make mashed potatoes for another meal. Just add a little butter and a splash of milk.)

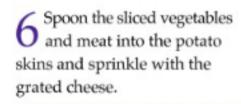
### For four servings, you need:

- 2 baking potatoes
- one green onion, sliced
- ½ cup (125 ml) grated cheese
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) diced chicken breast
- ½ red or green pepper, sliced
- · vegetable oil to rub on potatoes





Cut the onion, pepper, and chicken into thin slices.





Return the potatoes to the oven and bake them until the cheese melts.



O Before serving, O garnish the potato boats with a bit of sour cream and a sprig of parsley.

9 Eat the potato hot at home or refrigerate it overnight to take to school. Hot or cold, Potato Boats are filling and nutritious!

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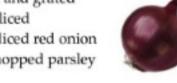
### BEAUTIFUL BEAN SALAD

Beans contain complex carbohydrates and other important nutrients such as B vitamins, vitamin C, and minerals such as iron. Eating a bean salad with a piece of whole-wheat bread provides you with a complete protein. Beans are also a great source of fiber. Rinsing the beans well will insure that you don't feel any digestive discomforts.



### To make four servings, you need:

- · one 19 fluid ounce (540 ml) can of mixed beans
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) chopped cucumber
- · 1 carrot, peeled and grated
- · 1 celery stalk, sliced
- 1/4 cup (62 ml) diced red onion
- · 1 tablespoon chopped parsley



#### Dressing:

- · 3 tablespoons (45 ml) olive oil
- · 2 tablespoons (30 ml) soy sauce
- pinch of black pepper

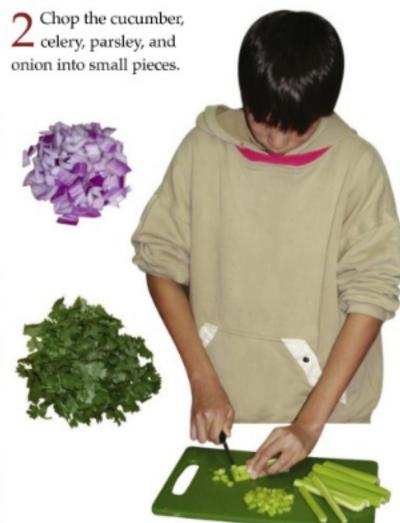




Place the beans in a colander and rinse L them well under running water until there is no foam. You can see the foam in the sink stopper below.









Peel and grate like this - the safe way. Peel a carrot and then grate it. Be careful not to take the skin off your fingers!

In a large bowl, gently stir the beans, cucumber, carrot, celery, onion, and parsley until they are mixed well.



Do not grate or peel like this!



Add the dressing ingredients and stir them into the salad.





the refrigerator for 30 minutes to blend the flavors. Stir again.

a slice of whole-wheat or rye bread.



## PITA SANDWICHES

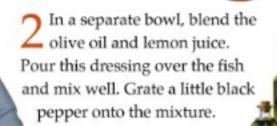
### Fish-in-a-pocket

You can use either tuna or salmon to make this yummy pita filling. Try both to see which is your favorite. Both types of fish are good for you because they contain Omega 3 fats, which protect your heart. This recipe makes enough filling to stuff two pita halves. Refrigerate any leftover filling and enjoy it the next day or make an extra pita to share with a friend at school.

In a bowl, flake, or pull apart, the fish using a fork. Add the pickle, carrot, celery, cheese, and parsley. Mix all these ingredients together well.

#### You need:

- · 1 small can of salmon or tuna
- · 1 pickle, diced
- · 1 carrot, peeled and grated
- · 1 celery stalk, sliced
- 1 tablespoon (15 ml) grated parmesan cheese
- · 2 tablespoons (30 ml) chopped parsley
- 1 tablespoon (15 ml) olive oil
- · juice of half a lemon
- · freshly grated pepper
- · one whole-wheat pita
- · a few lettuce leaves



3 Cut the pita in half.

If you are ready to eat the sandwich, line it with lettuce leaves and stuff it with the filling. If you eat lunch at

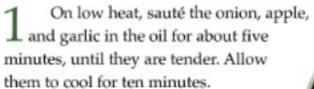
school, take the pita bread, lettuce, and filling in separate

containers and stuff the pita pocket just before you are ready to eat.



### Turkey pita burger

Turkey burgers make another delicious pita filling. You can also use them to fill wraps (see page 28). Have one with a side salad, and you will have a completely balanced lunch. These turkey burgers are packed with good things. They're so yummy, you'll like them better than hamburgers—and they are much lower in fat! If you like sausages, you can make the turkey taste like them by using thyme instead of cumin to spice the burgers.

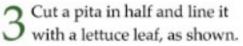


2 Using a fork, blend the above ingredients and the fresh parsley into the ground turkey. Form patties. Wash your hands carefully after handling the raw meat! Cook the patties on a barbecue, an indoor grill, or under a broiler, about ten minutes on each side. Turn them gently with a spatula.

### For four burgers you need:

- · 1 pound (0.5 kg) ground turkey
- 1 tablespoon (15 ml) vegetable oil
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) apple, peeled and shredded
- · 1 carrot, grated
- · a handful of chopped parsley
- 1/4 cup (62 ml) chopped red onion
- · 1 clove garlic, minced
- · freshly grated pepper
- · a sprinkle of cumin or thyme
- · a sprinkle of salt





Cut a turkey burger in half and stuff one or both halves into your pita. Enjoy your burger with a slice of tomato and some raw onion rings.

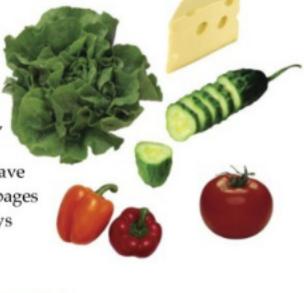
For extra flavor, add mustard or a dash of hot sauce.





## WRAPPING IT UP

Wraps are sandwiches you make by rolling up filling in soft tortilla shells. The shells come in small and large sizes and many flavors—spinach, tomato, whole wheat, and onion, just to name a few. Tuna or salmon salad or turkey burgers make great wrap fillings, but you can put almost any food in your wrap—meat, fish, cheese, vegetables, or fruit. You can combine these ingredients in countless ways. Since the wrap is made from grain, you have at least three food groups covered! The pictures on these pages show you the secret of rolling your wrap so the filling stays inside instead of dropping all over your lap.



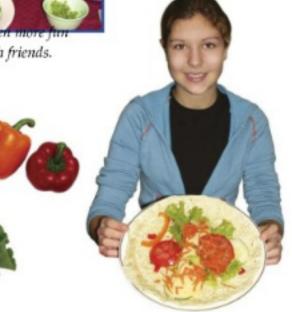


To make a wrap that does not leak, start with some large pieces of lettuce. For extra flavor and nutrients, add some tomato, pepper, celery, and onion slices, too.



while "rapping" with friends.







### ) CO 🚵 💯 P 🕒 🚵 🐠 🐿 300 🖟 🖟 🦓 🦓 WHAT DO I PACK FOR LUNCH?

If you are not sure what to take to school for lunch, or how much you should eat, here are some menu suggestions. Using the recipes in this book, you can make your own nutritious lunches and combine them with some other foods or drinks, as shown here.

Pack your lunch in an insulated bag so it stays cold. Take hot liquids in a Thermos. If you have meat in your lunch, you can freeze your juice and use it as an ice pack. It will thaw out by lunchtime. If you use plastic bags to pack veggies, take

the bags home, wash them, and reuse them.

#### Menu 1

- · a cup of Autumn Soup
- · 1 Apple-Cheddar Muffin
- · a small carton of lowfat milk (See pages 12-15.)



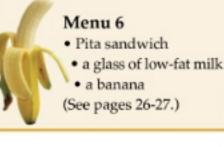
### Menu 5

- Bean Salad
- · a piece of whole-wheat bread
- Strawberry Water (See pages 7, 24-25.)



 Cucumber Water (See pages 7, 16-17, 22-23.)







### Menu 3

- wrap made with veggies and chicken breasts
- · a drink box of juice (See pages 18-19,



### Menu 4

- Zesty Rice or Pasta
- · an apple
- Orange Water (See pages 7, 20-21.)



### Menu 7

A picnic lunch to share

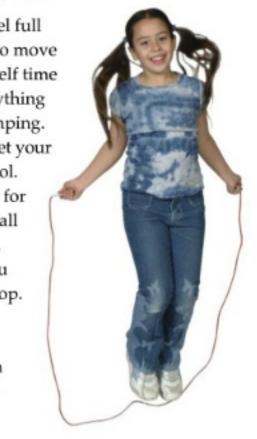
- · 2 garlic chicken drumsticks (Use recipe on pages 18-19.)
- · celery sticks and pepper slices
- slices of cheese



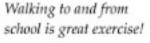


### ACTIVE AT LUNCHTIME

When you eat a good lunch, you'll feel full of energy afterward. Use the energy to move your body and get active. Give yourself time to digest your food before you do anything too strenuous, such as running or jumping. If you go home for lunch, you might get your exercise by walking to and from school. If you eat lunch at school, you can go for a walk around the schoolyard, play ball with your friends, or throw a Frisbee. Near the end of your lunch break, you can run, jump rope, or spin a hula hoop. If you are active for at least twenty minutes at lunchtime, you will feel energized and be able to think much better during our afternoon classes.



Can you skip without





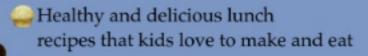
Challenge your friends to a hula-hoop contest. Who can spin the longest?

Run around the schoolyard a few times with a friend.

Stretch your body after lunch. You will feel more energetic.



Active Kids Lunch Munch
Breakfast Blast Multicultural Meals
Delicious Desserts Super Snacks



- Information on: basic nutrition, the food groups, the importance of drinking water, and cooking terms and safety
- Lunch menu suggestions
- Lunchtime physical activities



